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Dependency-Inversion Principle

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High-level modules should not depend on low-level modules. Both should depend on abstractions.

Abstractions should not depend on details. Details should depend on abstractions.

-Agile Software Development; Robert C. Martin; Prentice Hall, 2003

Introduction by Example

A Small Design Exercise

- Behavior of **Button**:
 - The button is capable of "sensing" whether it has been activated/ deactivated by the user.
 - Once a change is detected, it turns the Lamp on, respectively off.



A Dependency-Inversion Principle Compliant Solution



The Rationale behind the Dependency-Inversion Principle

- High-level, low-level modules. Good software designs are structured into modules.
 - **High-level modules** contain the important policy decisions and business models of an application The identity of the application.
 - Low-level modules contain detailed implementations of individual mechanisms needed to realize the policy.

The Rationale behind the Dependency-Inversion Principle

High-level, low-level modules. Good software structured into modules

High-level Policy The abstraction that underlies the application; The abstraction that underlies the application; the truth that does not vary when details are changed; the the truth that does not vary when details are changed; the system inside the system; the metaphor. "...all well-structured object-oriented architectures have clearly defined layers, with each layer providing some coherent set of services through a well-defined and controlled interface..."

-Grady Booch

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Layers and Dependencies

Inverted Layer Dependencies



Naïve Heuristic for Ensuring DIP

DO NOT DEPEND ON A CONCRETE CLASS.

All relationships in a program should terminate on an abstract class or an interface.

- No class should hold a reference to a concrete class.
- No class should derive from a concrete class.
- No method should override an implemented method of any of its base classes.

Dependency-**I**nversion **P**rinciple

- Traditional structural programming creates a dependency structure in which policies depend on details.
 (Policies become vulnerable to changes in the details.)
- Object-orientation enables to invert the dependency:
 - Policy and details depend on abstractions.
 - Service interfaces are owned by their clients.
 - Inversion of dependency is the hallmark of good objectoriented design. (Implies an inversion of interface ownership.)

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