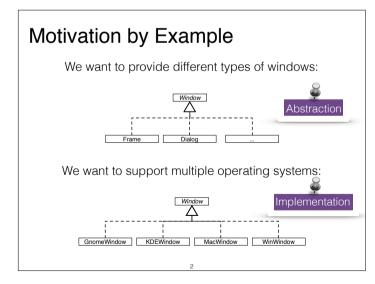
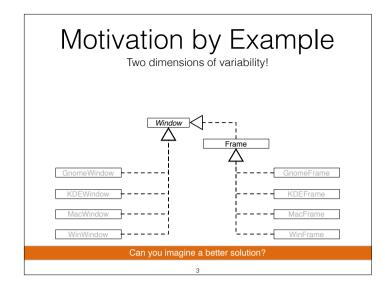
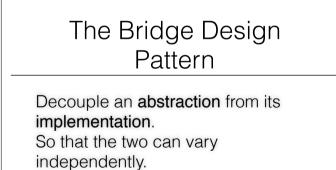
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Software Engineering	
Design & Construction	
Dr. Michael Eichberg Fachgebiet Softwaretechnik Technische Universität Darmstadt	
Bridge Pattern	

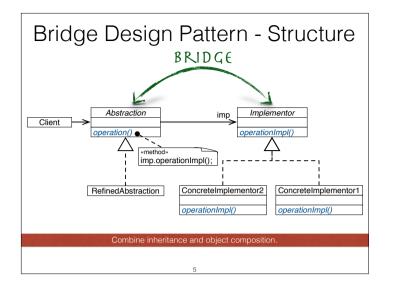




Several problems:

- Implementation (e.g., GnomeWindow) bound to abstraction (Window)
- Code duplication and proliferation of classes

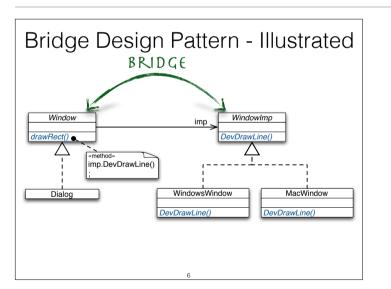




Combine inheritance and object composition:

- Use inheritance to model variations of the abstraction.
- Use object composition to abstract from implementation variations.

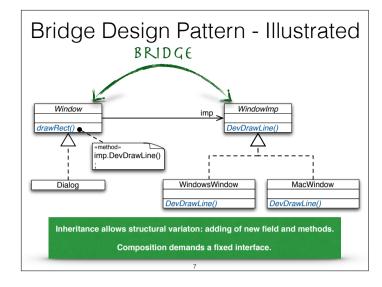
The interface defines **all** methods the client will ever use. I.e., when designing the Implementor interface we have to foresee the needs of all future clients and the capabilities of future subclasses.



The Rationale Underlying the Solution:

- Object composition and inheritance provide different trade-offs for expressing variations.
- Object composition is used to implement dynamic variations with <u>a fixed interface</u>. Implementation variations are more of this kind; although not always...
- For static variations inheritance is preferred, because it supports structural variations. Abstraction variations are mostly static.

They often imply variation of structure.



Advantages

Decoupling interface and implementation:

- Implementation can be configured at run-time.
- The implementation in use is hidden inside the abstraction.

Improved extensibility:

- Both abstractions and their implementations become independently extensible by subclassing without a class proliferation.
- Different abstractions and implementations can be combined.

Takeaway

- The Bridge Pattern instructs to use object composition to bridge between two inheritance hierarchies when you need to combine two kinds of variations of an object type.
- The Bridge Pattern allows to vary an abstraction and its implementation independently of each other.
- Works well as long as there is no dependency between the implementation on abstraction variations, i.e., if they do not vary co-variantly.