Dr. Michael Eichberg Software Engineering Department of Computer Science Technische Universität Darmstadt Introduction to Software Engineering

Modeling Dynamic Behavior

The following slides use material from: Craig Larman; Applying UML and Patterns, 3rd Edition; Prentice Hall



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UML Interaction Diagrams

Two types of diagrams can be distinguished:

- UML Sequence Diagrams
- UML Communication Diagrams



TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT DARMSTADT Interaction diagrams are used to visualize the interaction via messages between objects; they are used for *dynamic* object modeling.



Modeling the <u>dynamic behavior</u> is often more rewarding w.r.t. understanding the domain than modeling the <u>static</u> structure.

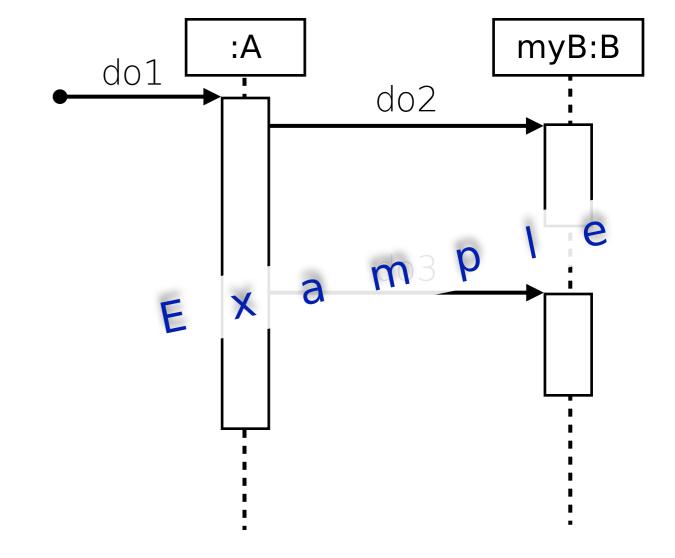
Four types of interaction diagrams are available.

UML Interaction Diagrams - Introduction

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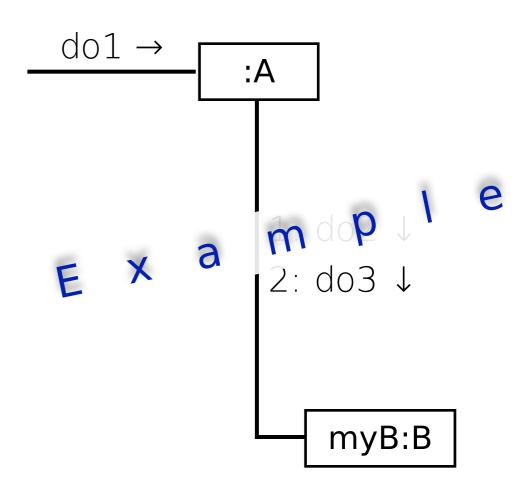
Sequence diagrams (which use a fence format.)

- Communication diagrams (which use a graph or network format)
- Timing diagrams (not discussed)
- Interaction overview diagrams (not further discussed)

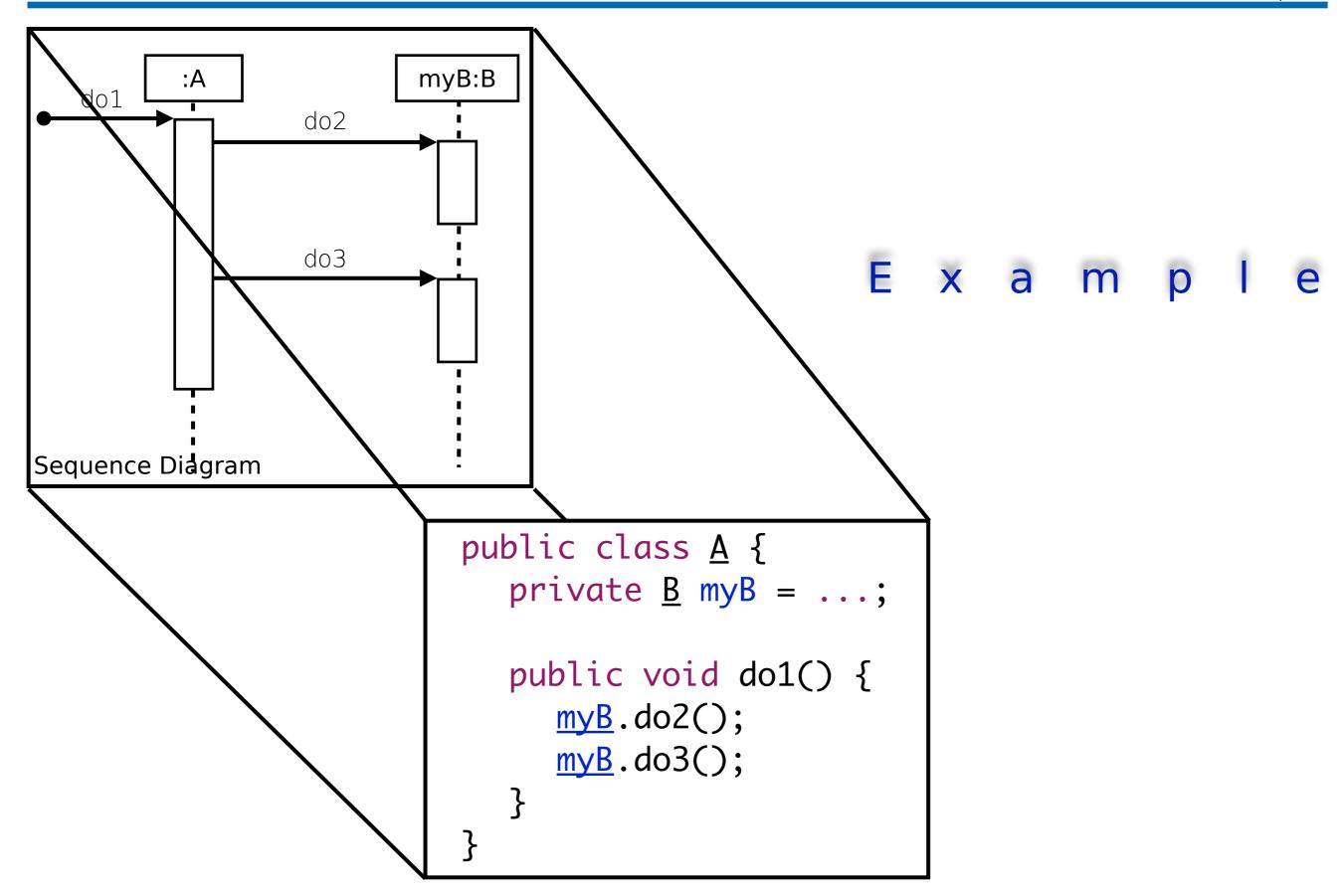


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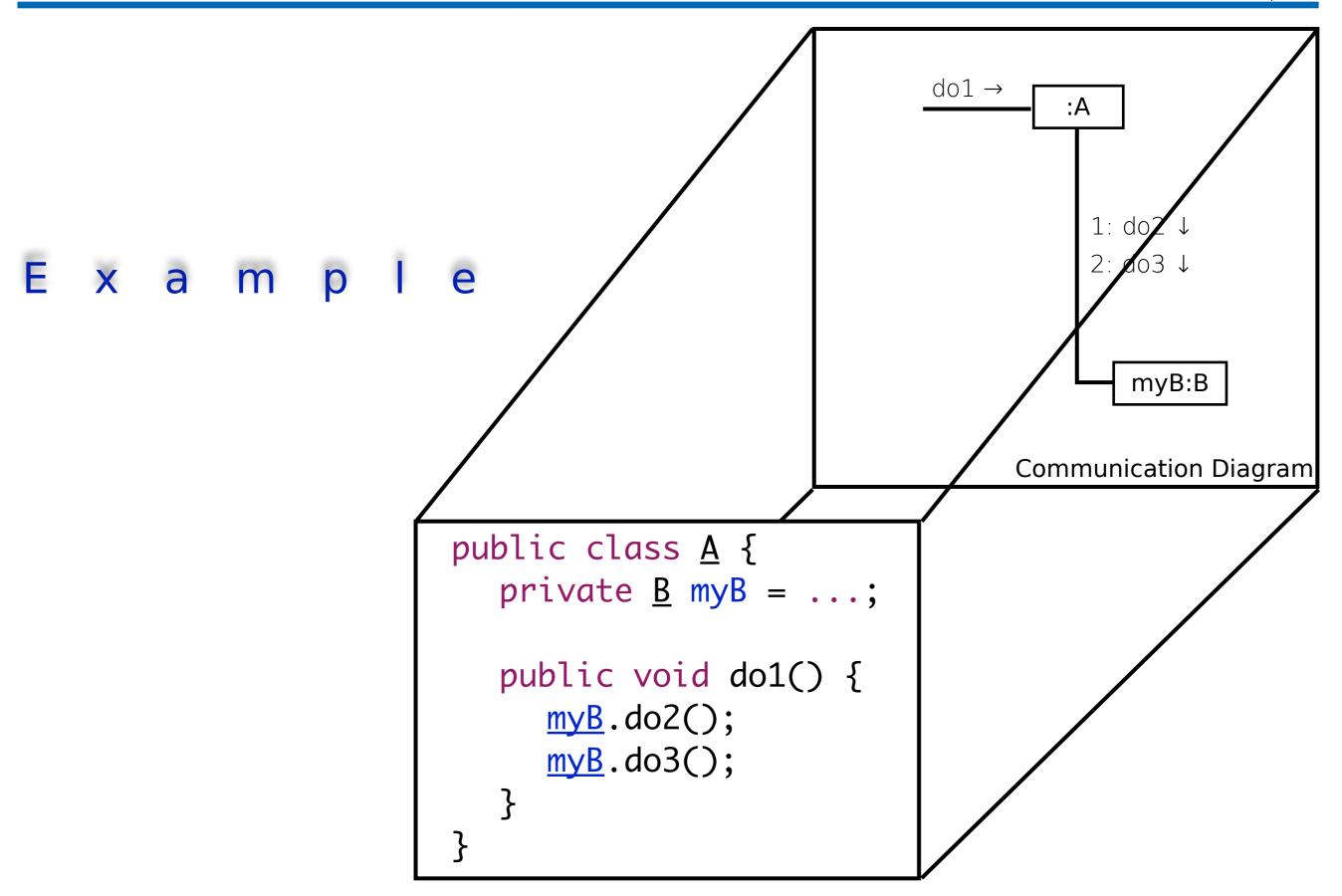
- Sequence diagrams (which use a fence format.)
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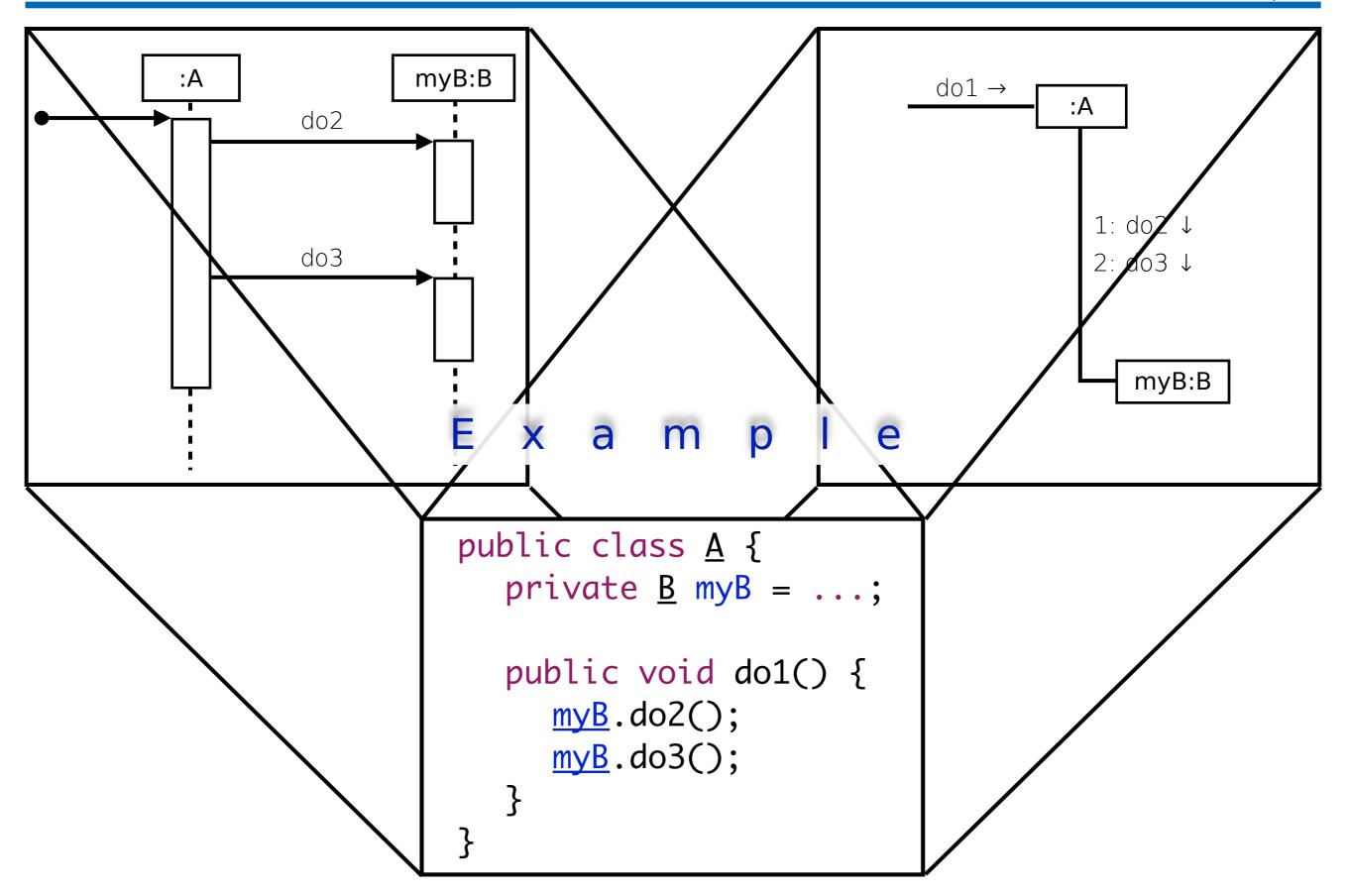
Java Code for Interaction Diagrams



Java Code for Interaction Diagrams



Java Code for Interaction Diagrams



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:Sale

Lifeline box representing an unnamed instance of class Sale.

UML Interaction Diagrams - Introduction | 11

s1:Sale

Java Code: Sale s1 = ...;

Lifeline box representing a named instance (s1) of Sale.

UML Interaction Diagrams - Introduction | 12

«metaclass» Font

Java Code: Class fontClass = Font.class;

Lifeline box representing the class Font, or more precisely, that Font is an instance of class Class - an instance of a metaclass.

UML Interaction Diagrams - Introduction | 13

sales:ArrayList<Sale>

Java Code: ArrayList<Sale> sales = ...;

Lifeline box representing an instance of an ArrayList class, parameterized to hold Sale objects.

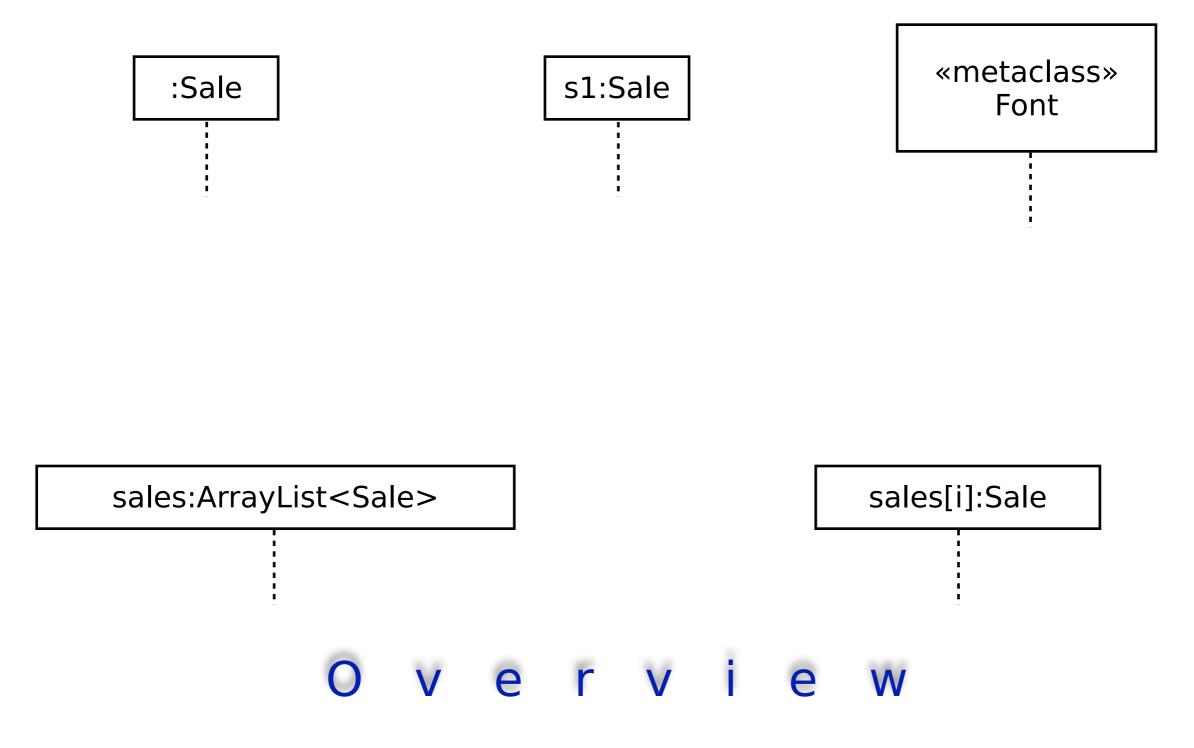
UML Interaction Diagrams - Introduction | 14

sales[i]:Sale

Java Code:

ArrayList<Sale> sales = ...;
Sale sale = sales.get(i);

Lifeline box representing one instance of class Sale, selected from the sales ArrayList<Sale> collection.



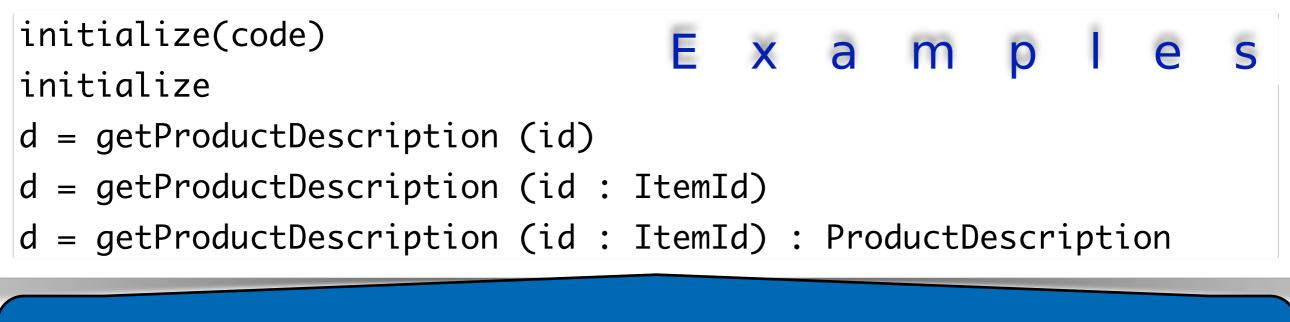
Common Notations for UML Interaction Diagrams -Format for Interaction Messages

UML Interaction Diagrams - Introduction | 16

"Commonly" Used Grammar:

return = message(parameter:parameterType):returnType

Parentheses are usually excluded if there are no parameters. Type information may be excluded if unimportant.



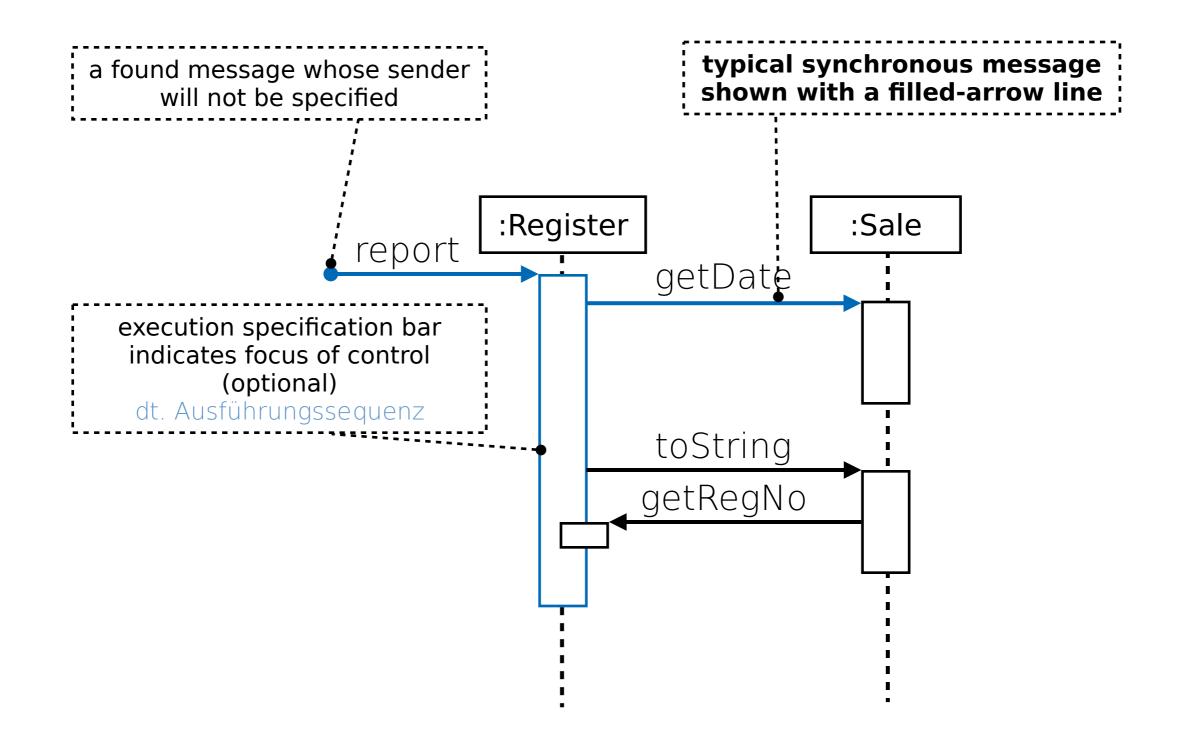
The same syntax is used by Scala.

UML Sequence Diagrams

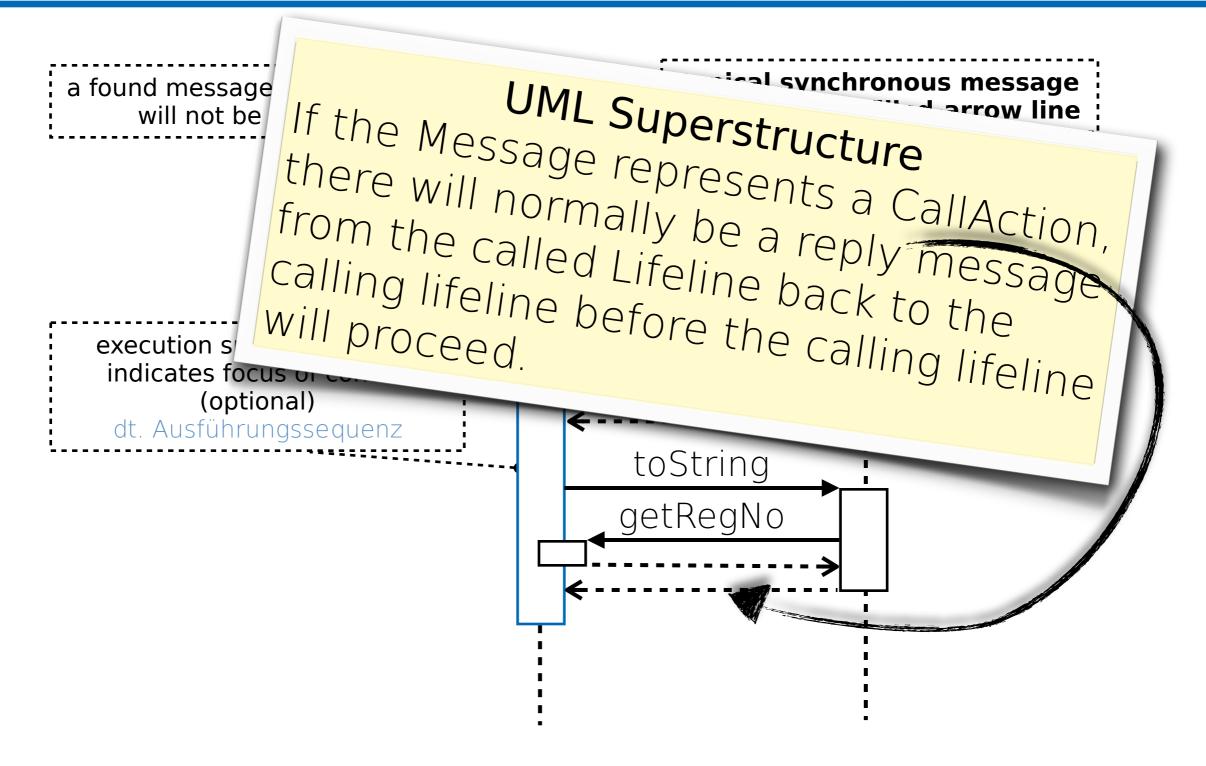


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Modeling (Synchronous) Messages

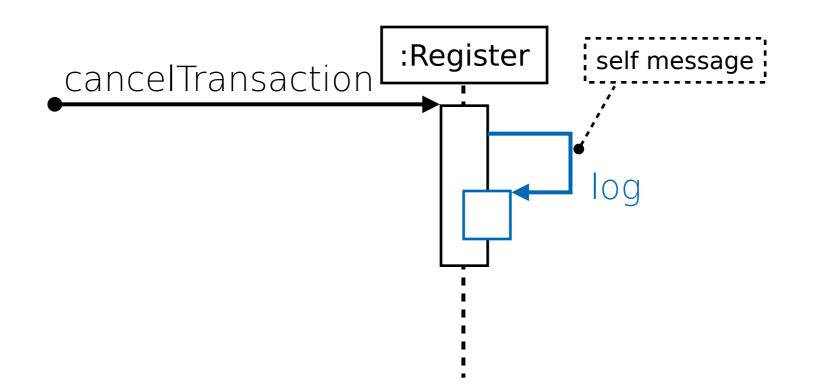


Modeling (Synchronous) Messages



Self messages can be modeled using nested execution specification bars.

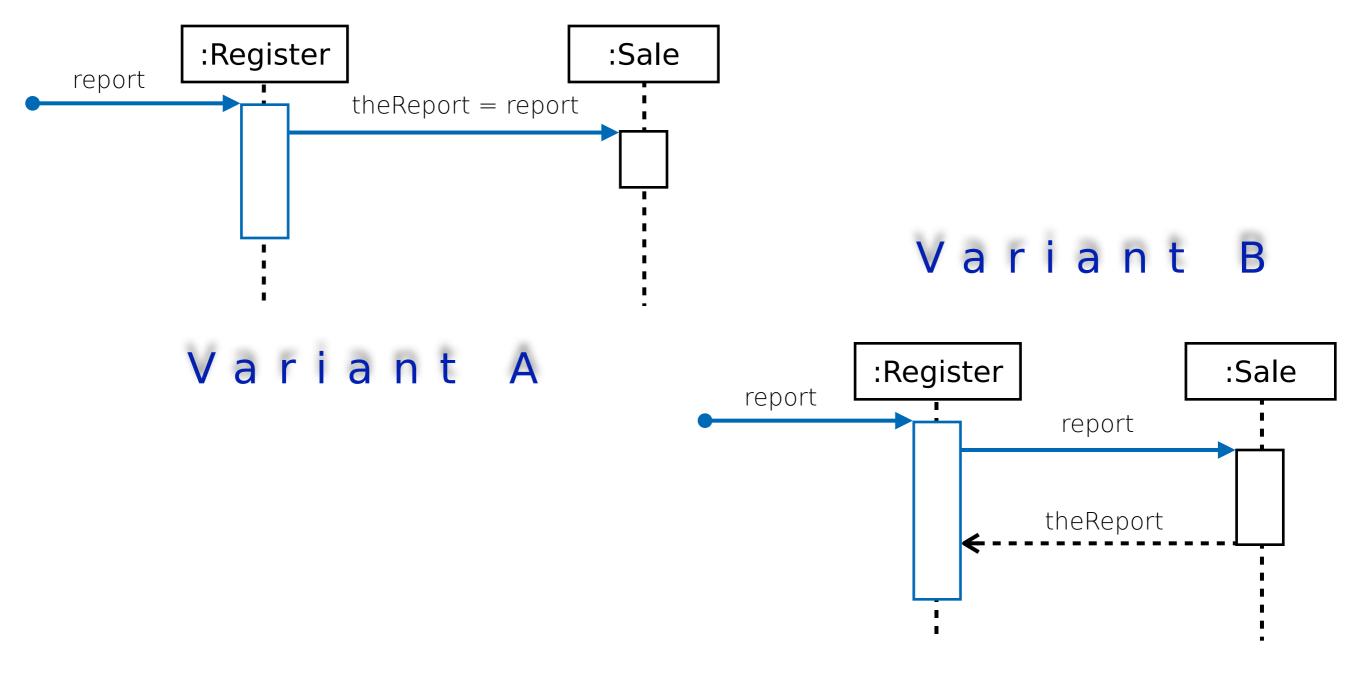
UML Sequence Diagrams | 20



To show the return value of a message you can either **use the message syntax** (A) or **use a message line at the end of an execution specification bar** (B).

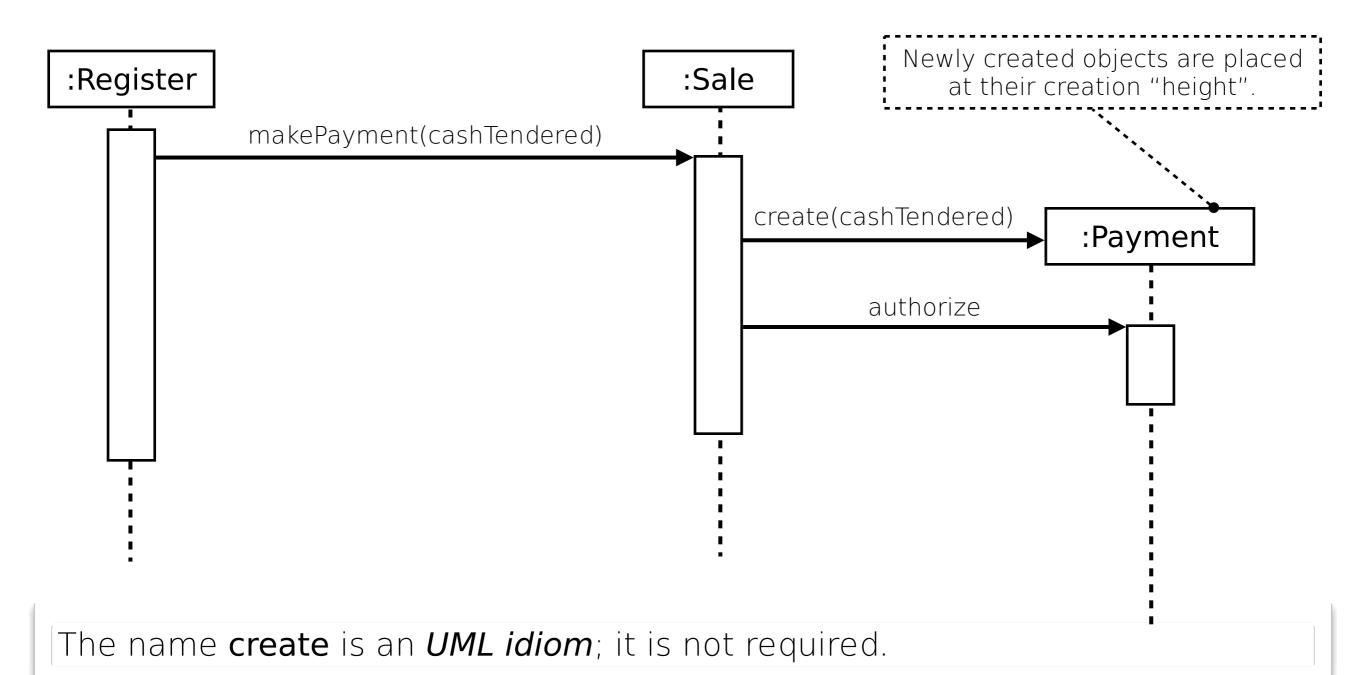
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execution specification bar = dt. Ausführungssequenz

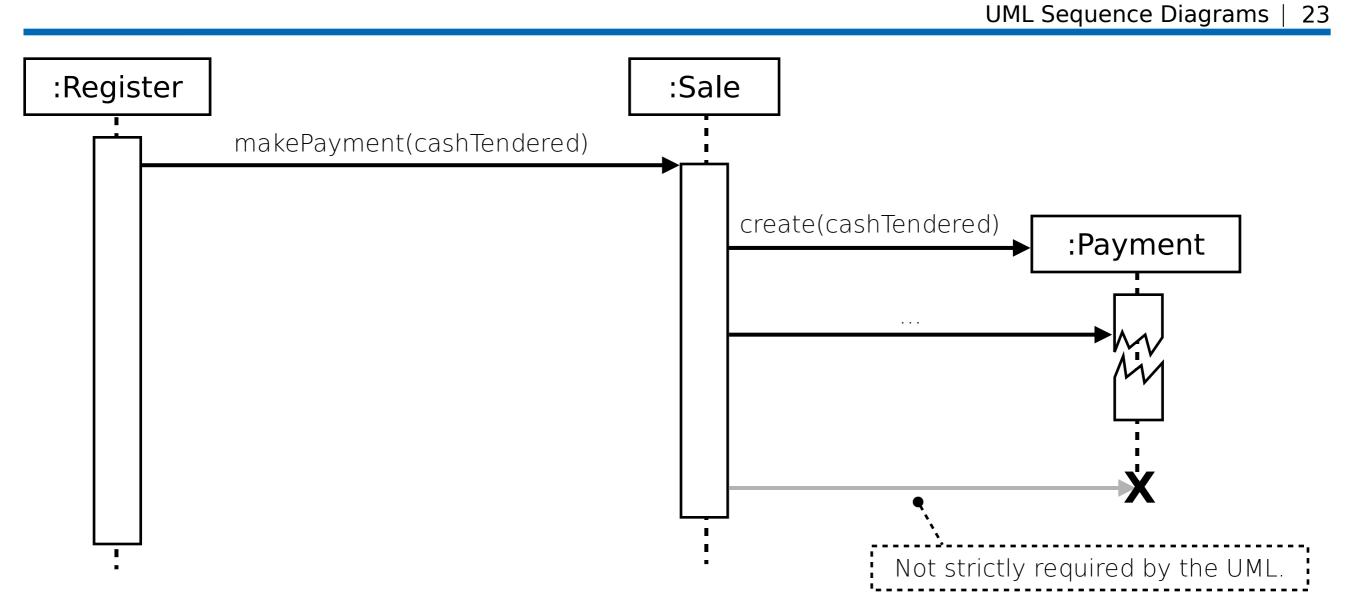


Object Instance Creation

UML Sequence Diagrams | 22



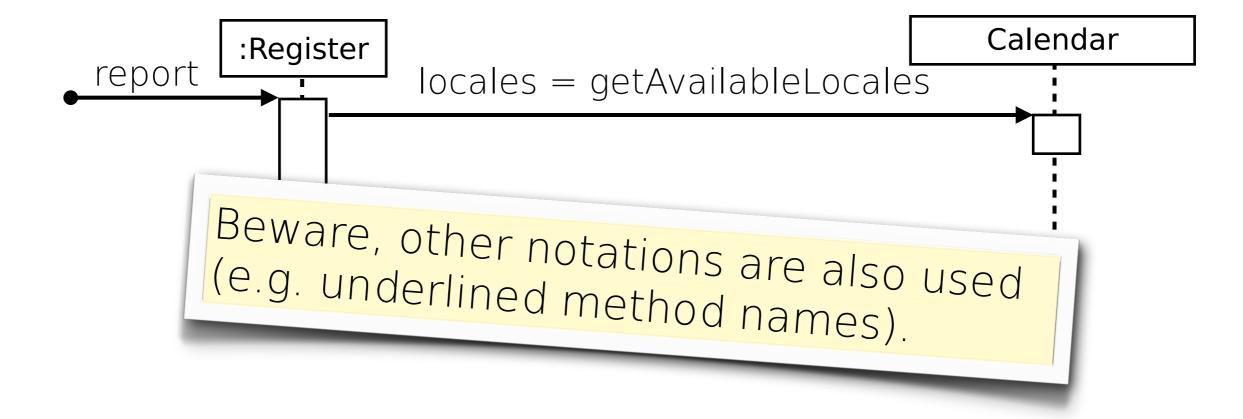
Object Instance Destruction



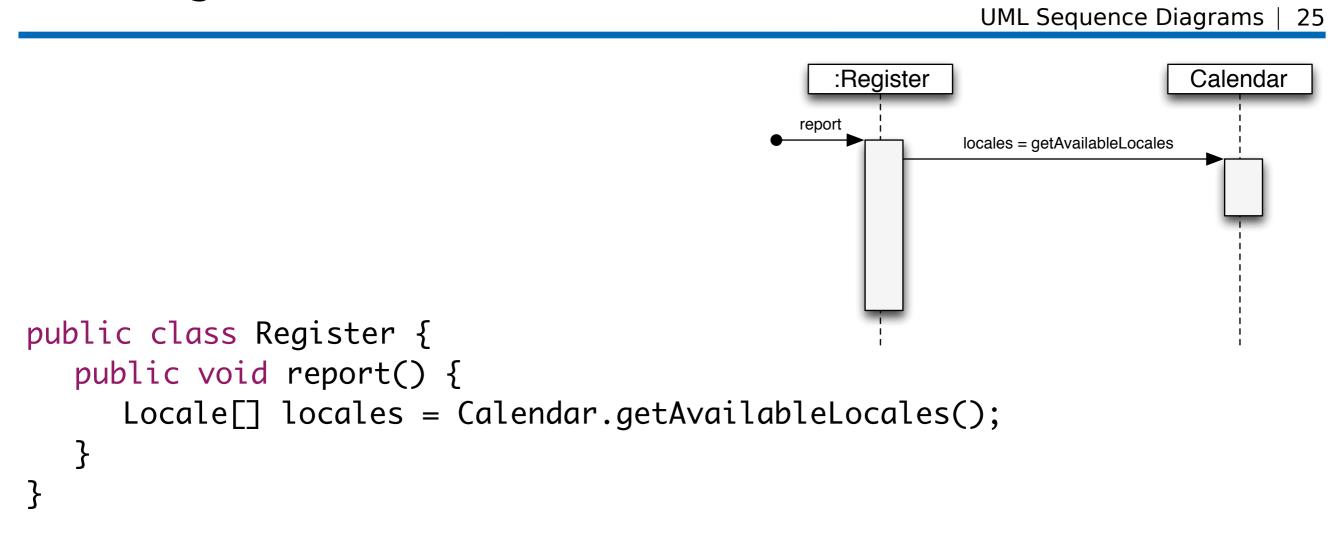
The object destruction notation is also used to mark objects that are no longer usable.

Invoking Static Methods (Class Methods)





Invoking Static Methods (Class Methods)



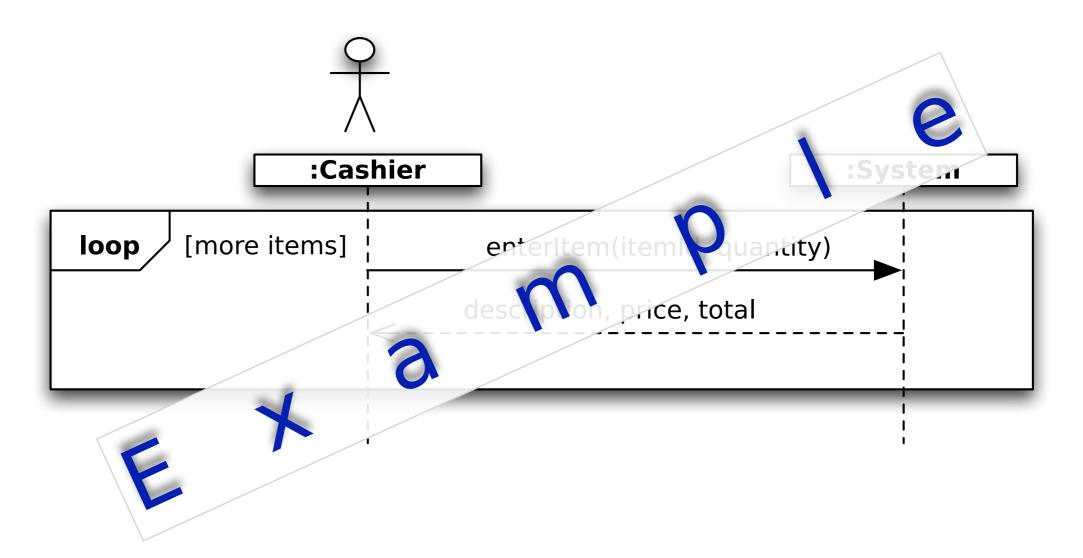
Corresponding Java Code

Diagram frames in UML sequence diagrams are used to support - among others - conditional and looping constructs.

Frames have an operator and a guard.

UML Sequence Diagrams | 26

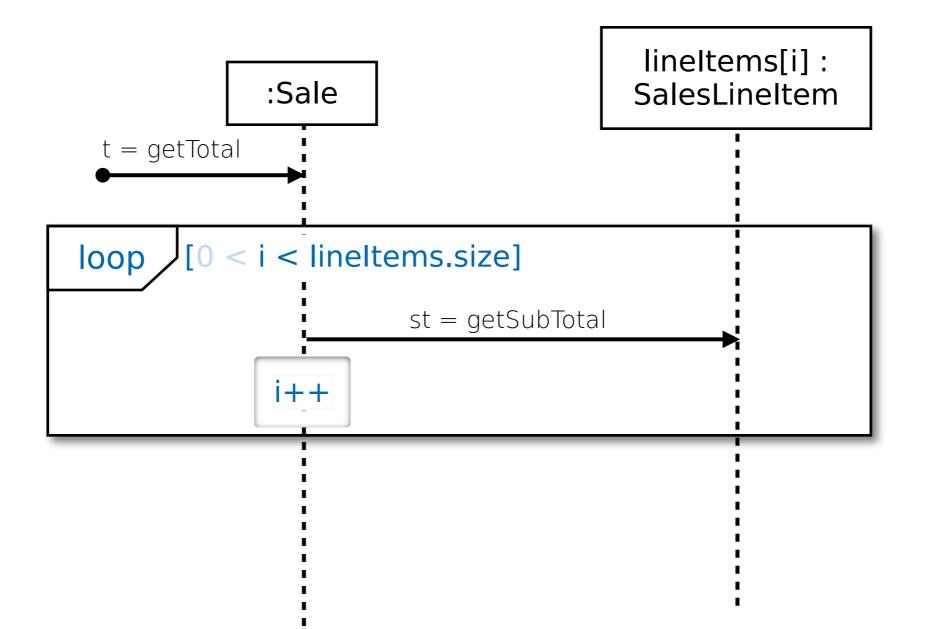
Diagram Frame ~dt. (kombiniertes) Fragment

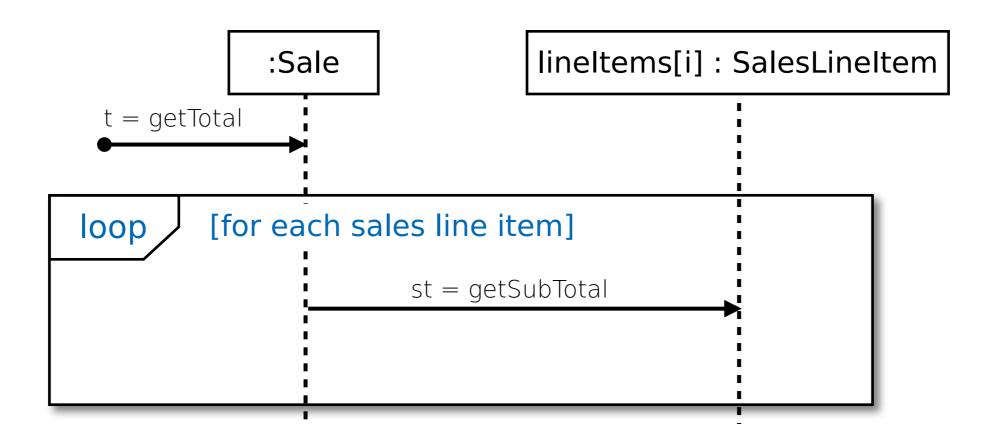


How to model the iteration over a collection?

UML Sequence Diagrams | 27

Use a **UML loop frame** to iterate over a collection.





Java code corresponding to a UML loop frame.

UML Sequence Diagrams | 30

```
: = getTotal
public class Sale {
                                                    loop
  private List<SalesLineItem> lineItems
     = new ArrayList<SalesLineItem>();
  public Money getTotal() {
     Money t = new Money();
     Money st = null;
      for (SalesLineItem lineItem : lineItems) {
        st = lineItem.getSubtotal();
        t.add(st);
      }
     return t;
   }
```

:Sale t = getTotal loop [for each sales line item] st = getSubTotal

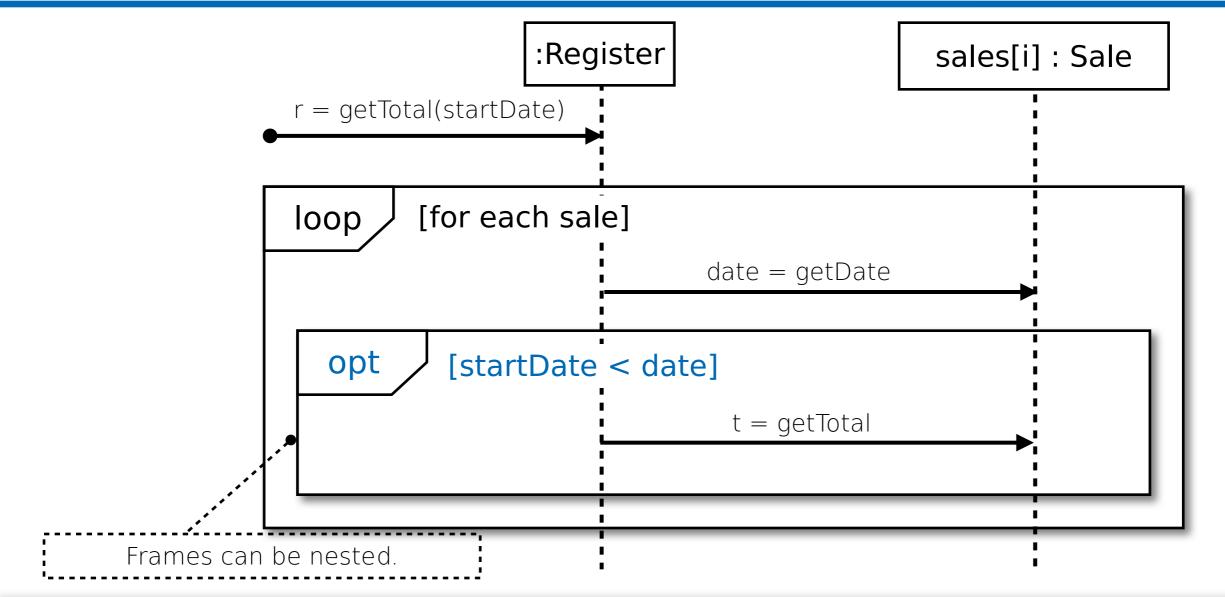
How to model the sending of a message only if a guard condition matches?

UML Sequence Diagrams | 31

Modeling task: Get the sum of all sales that happened today after 18:00 o'clock.

Use a **UML opt frame** to model the sending of a message if the guard condition matches.

UML Sequence Diagrams | 32



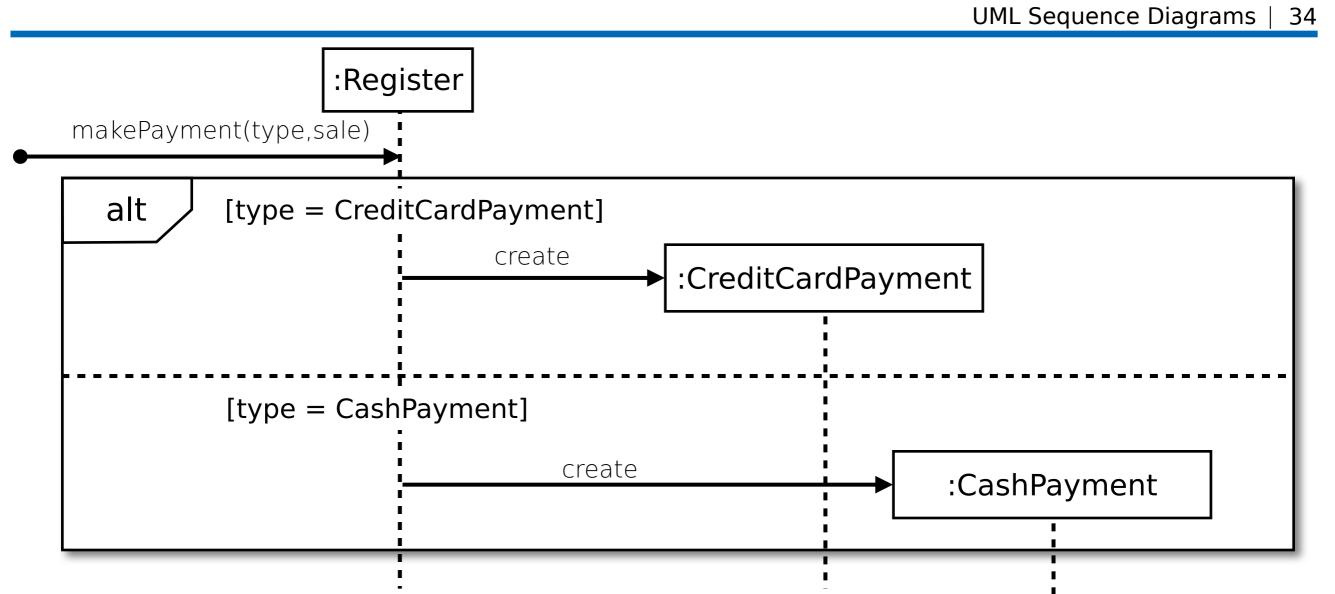
Modeling task: Get the sum of all sales that happend today after 18:00 o'clock.

How to model mutually exclusive alternatives?

UML Sequence Diagrams | 33

Modeling task: A register should be able to handle credit card payments and cash payments.

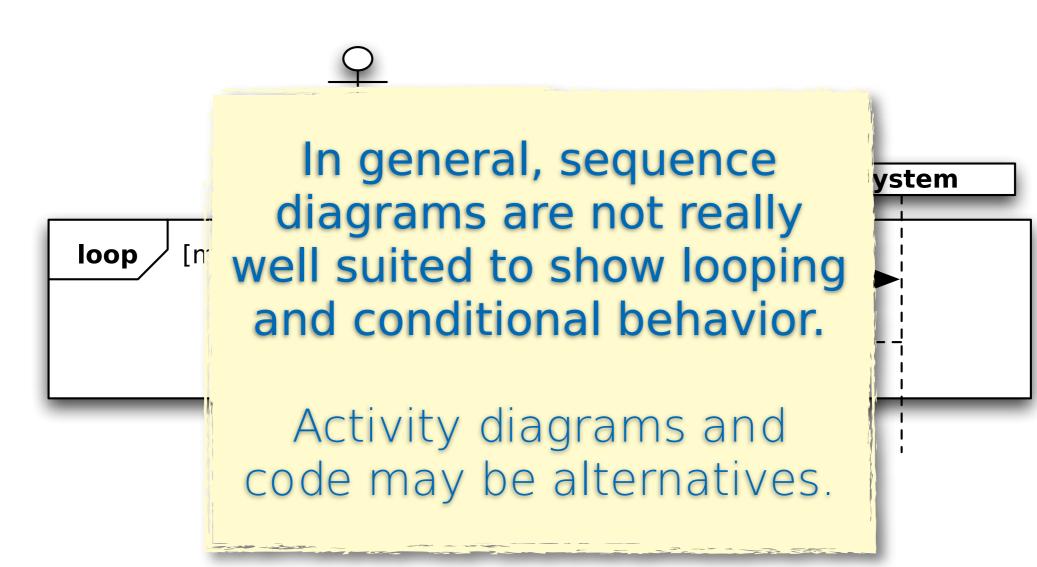
Use the **UML alt frame** to model between 2 and n mutually exclusive alternatives.



Modeling task: A register should be able to handle credit card payments and cash payments.

Diagram frames in UML sequence diagrams are used to support - among others - conditional and looping constructs. Frames have an operator and a guard.

Diagramm Frame ~dt. (kombiniertes) Fragment

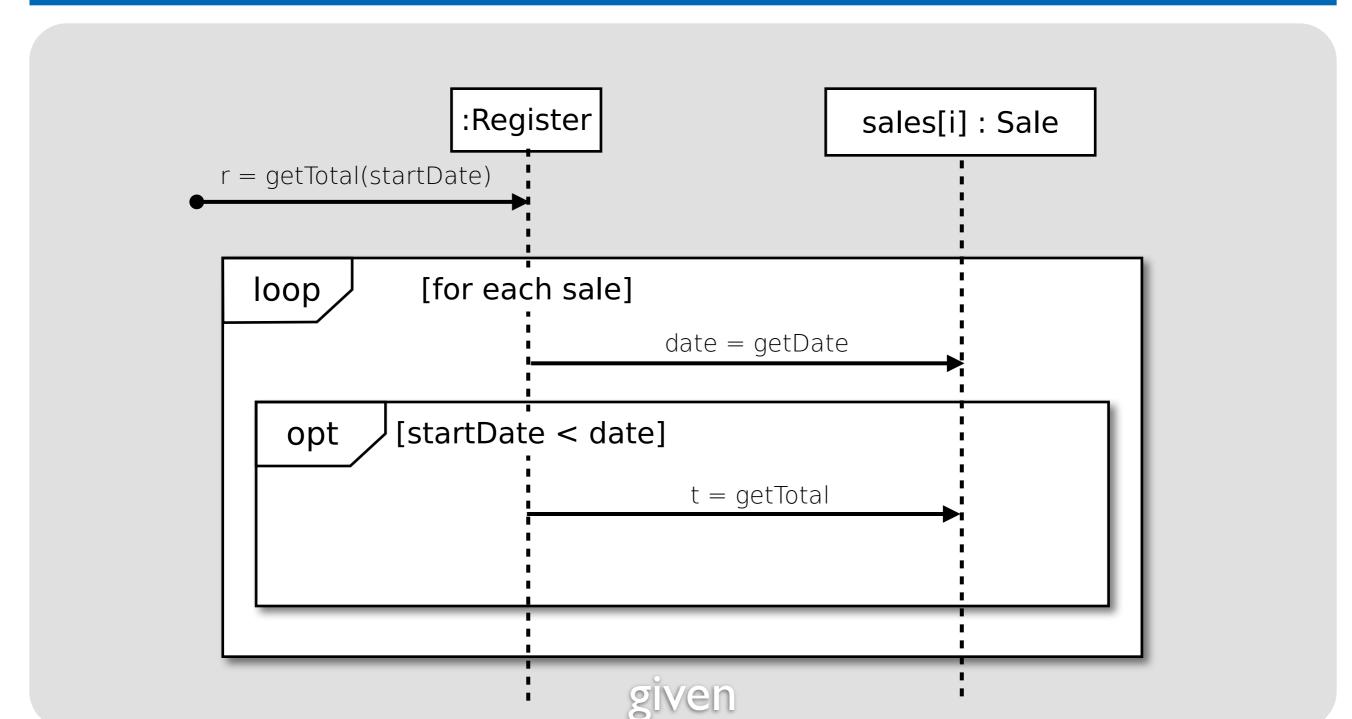


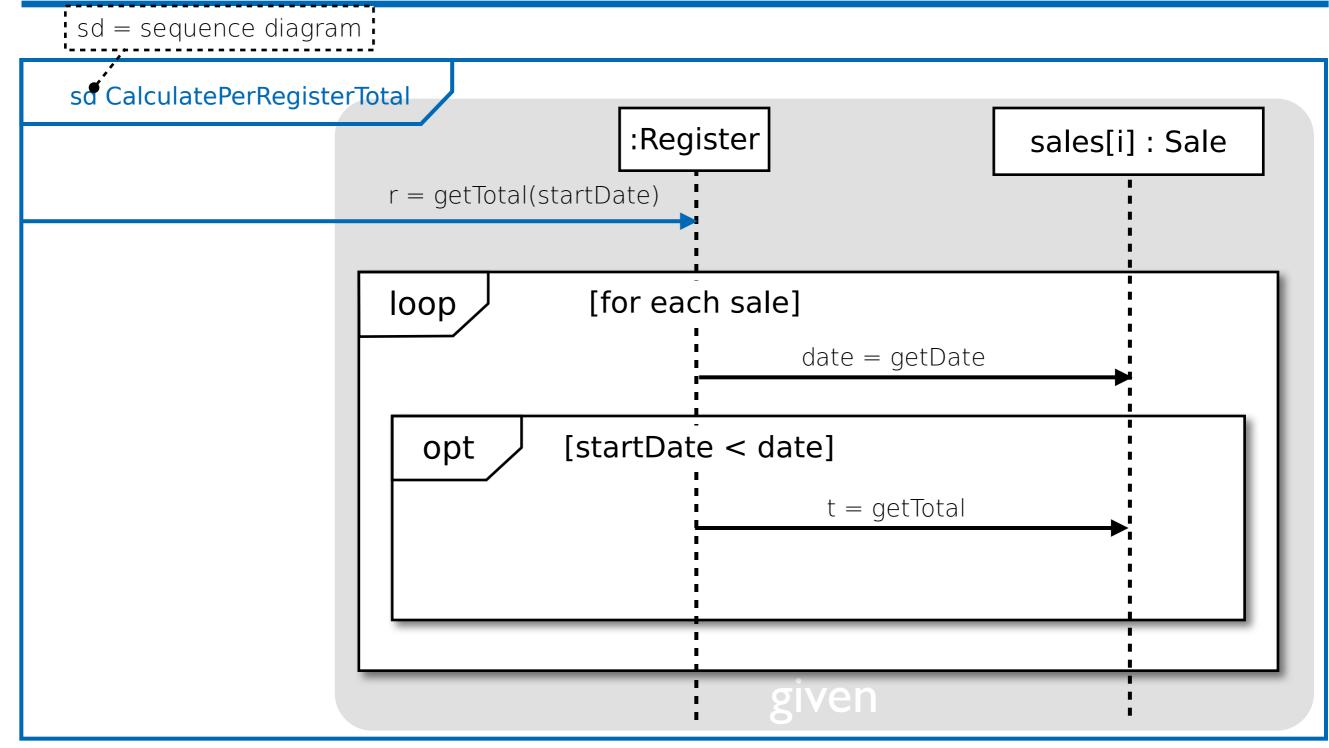
An interaction occurrence (interaction use) is a reference to an interaction within another interaction.

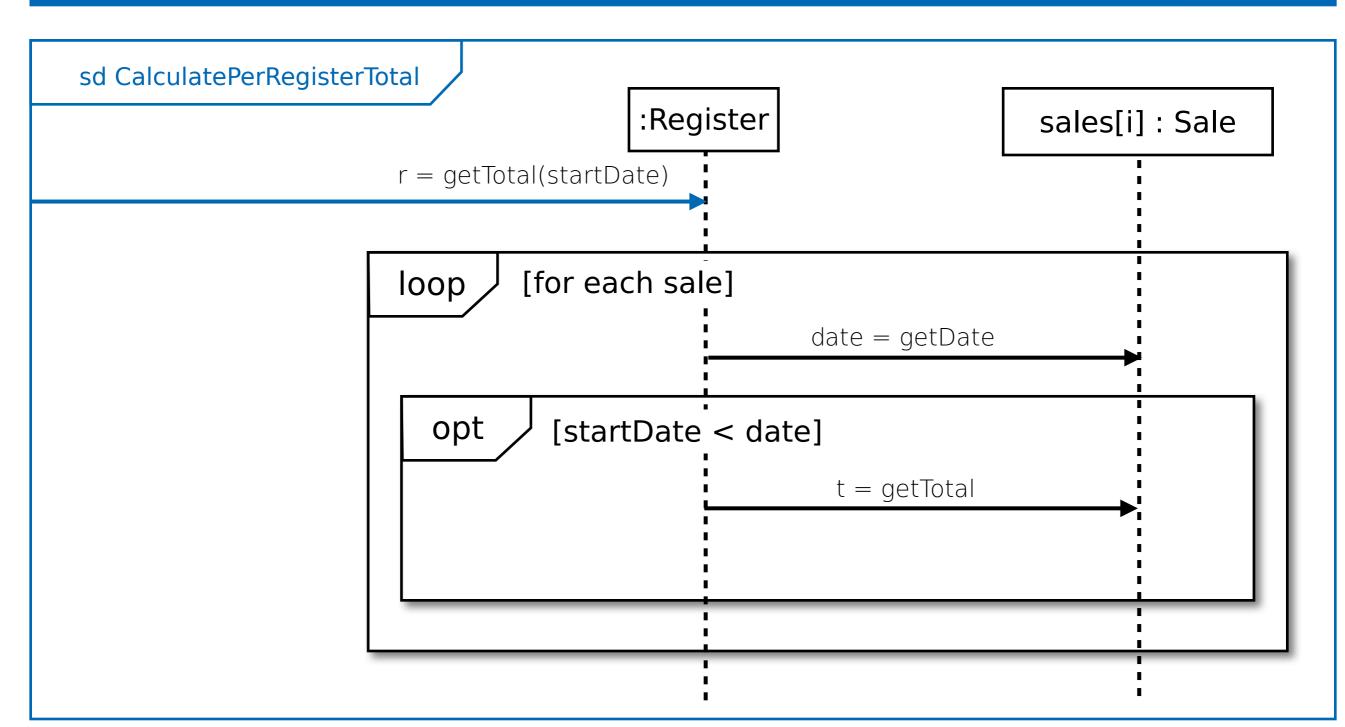
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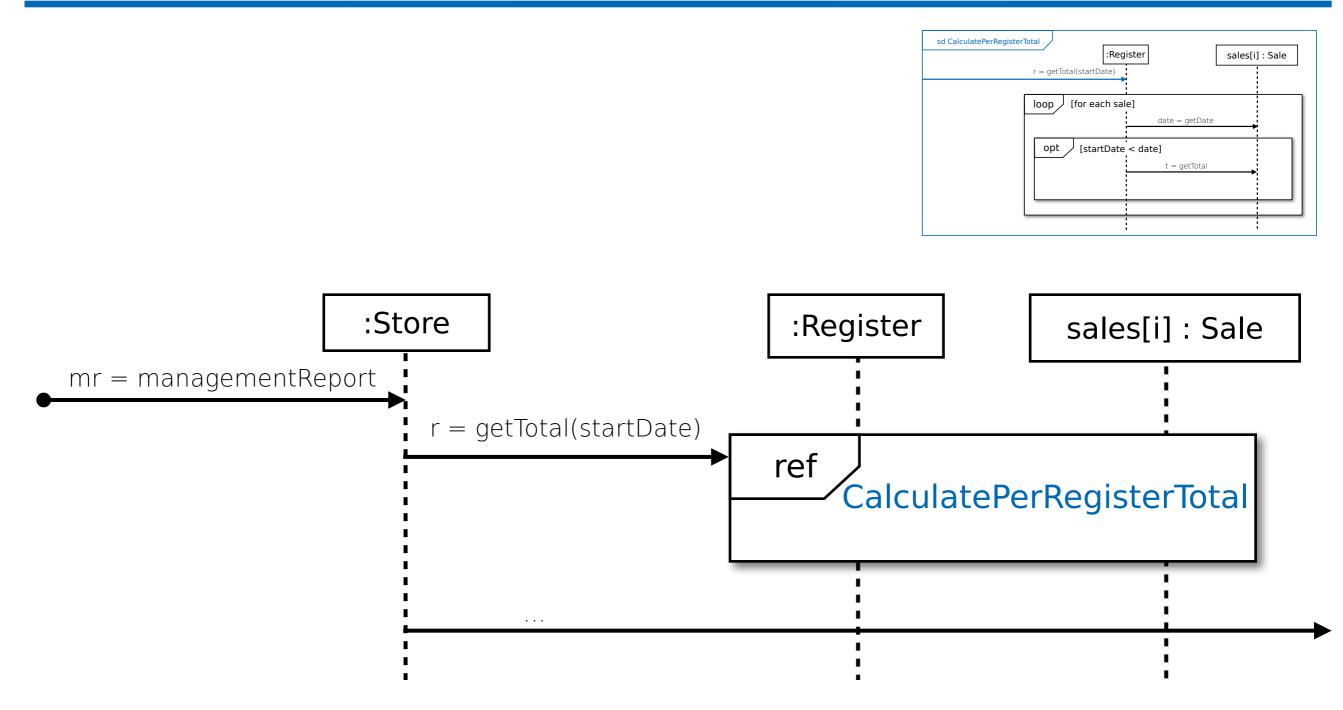
References are used to simplify a diagram and factor out a portion into another diagram or to enable reuse.

Modeling task: We want to calculate the store's overall total.









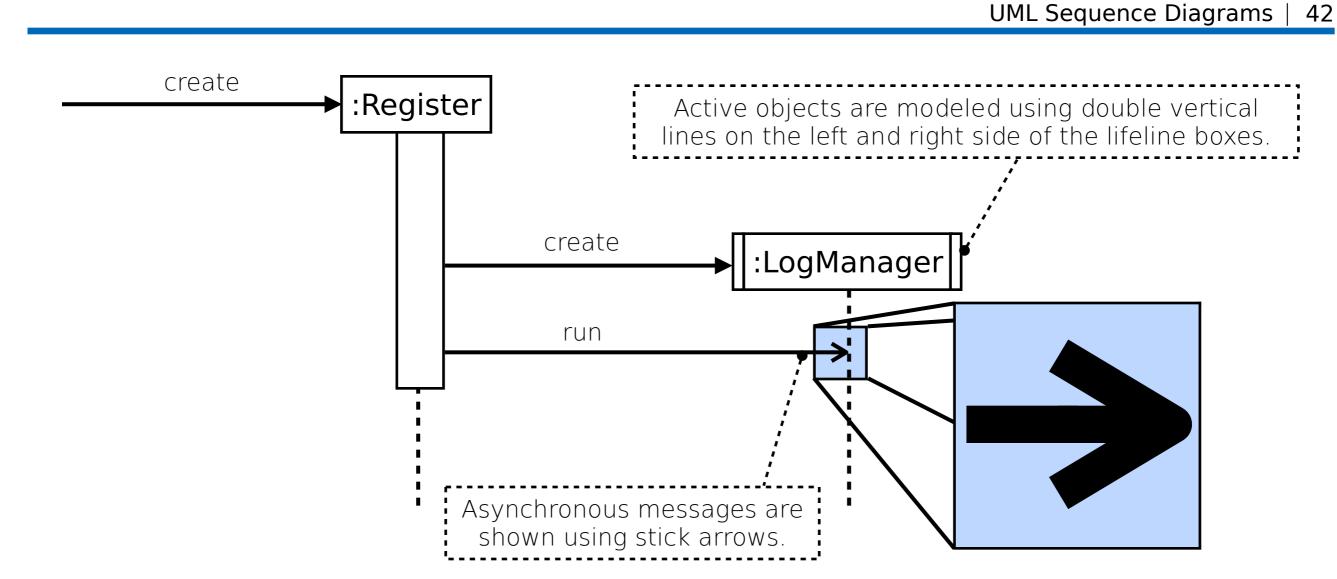
How to model the sending of asynchronous messages? How to model objects that have their own thread of execution?

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Modeling task: The log information should automatically be collected and processed in the background.

Asynchronous messages are messages that don't block.

An **active object** is an object where each instance runs on and controls its own thread of execution.



Modeling task: The log information should automatically be collected and processed in the background.

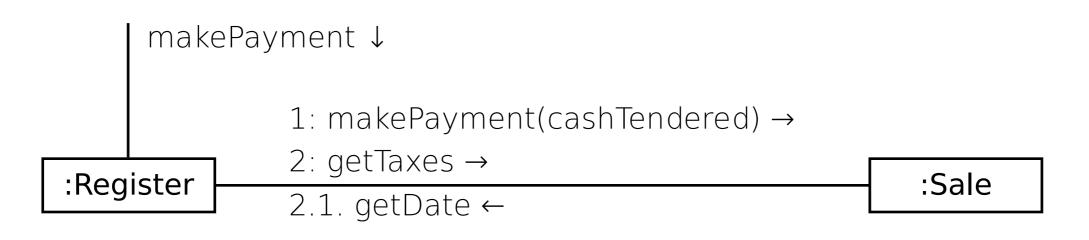
UML Communication Diagrams



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Links and Messages in Communication Diagrams

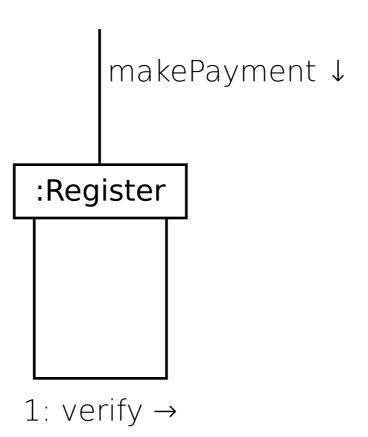
- A link is a connection path between two objects (it is an instance of an association)
 A link indicates that some form of navigation and visibility between the objects is possible.
- Each message between objects is represented with a message expression and a small arrow indicating the direction of the message
 Sequence numbers are added to show the sequential order of messages in the current thread of control; the starting message is often not numbered.



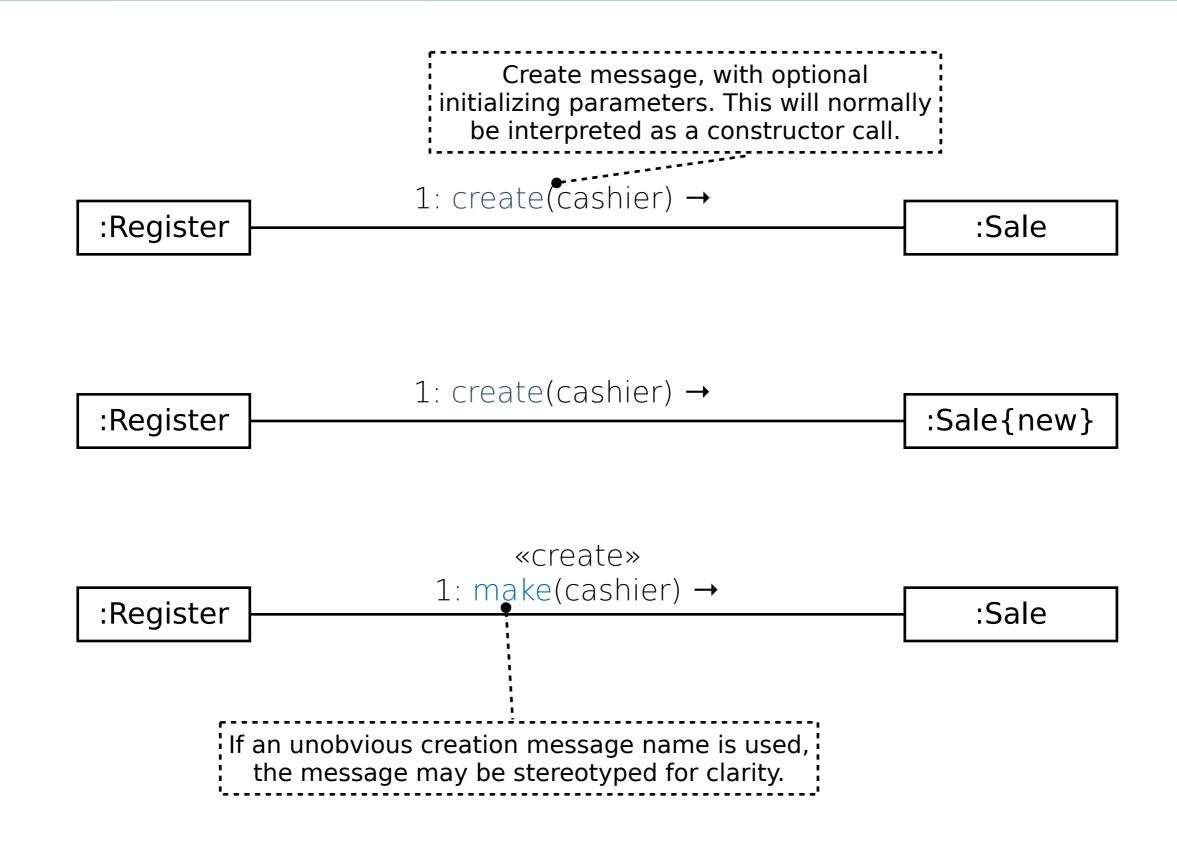
Links and Messages in Communication Diagrams

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Modeling self messages

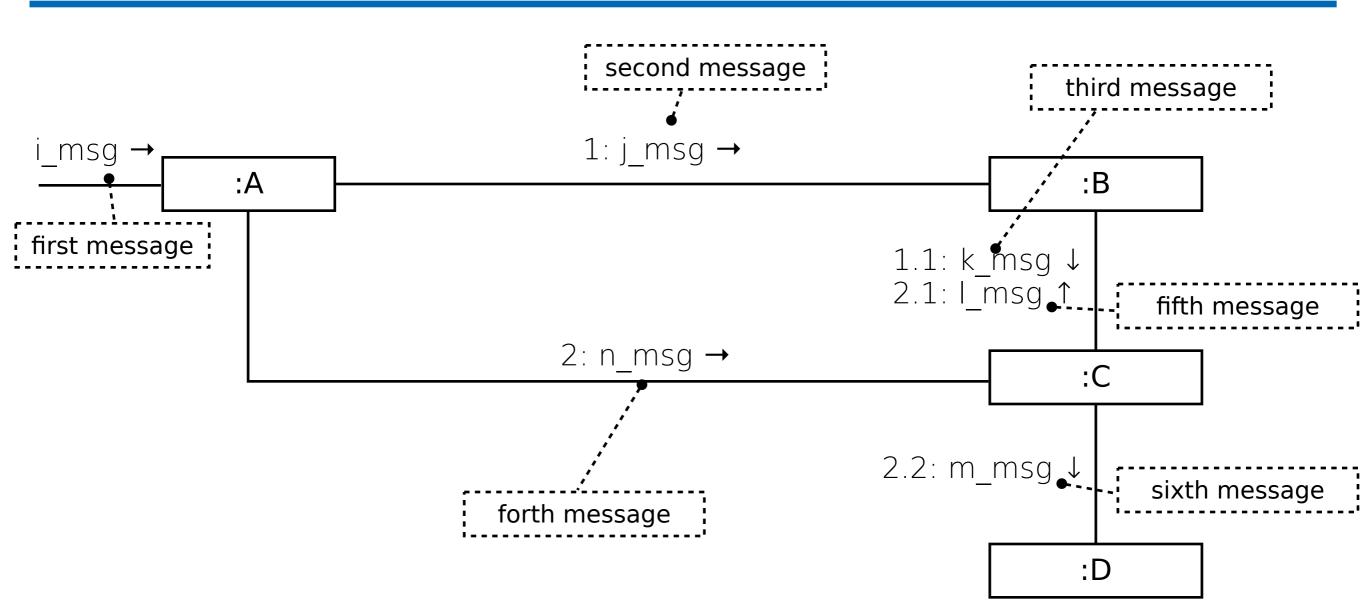


Alternative Notations for Modeling Instance Creation

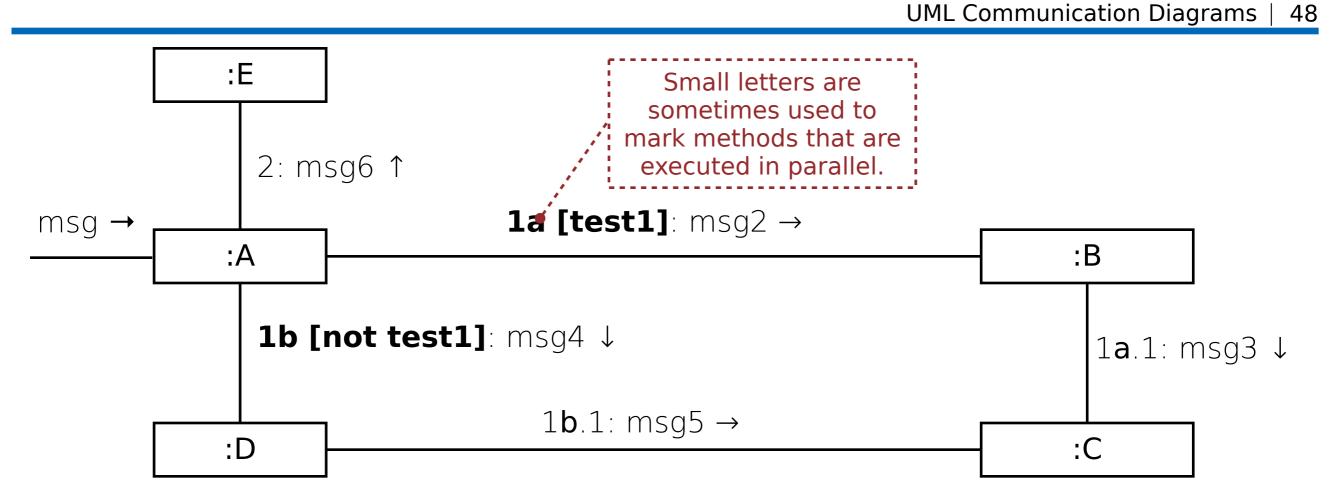


Message Number Sequencing

The initial message ist not numbered to make the numbering easier to comprehend.

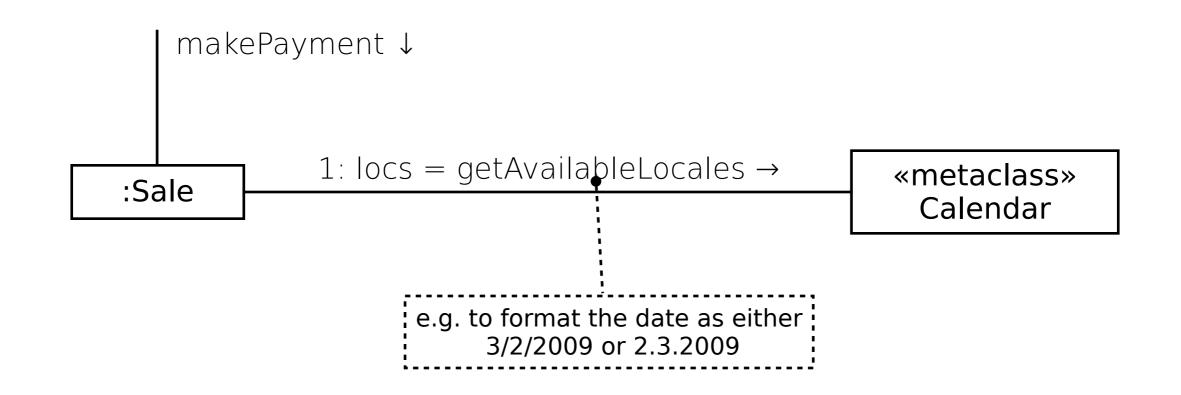


Modeling Conditional Messages



The message is only sent if the condition evaluates to true. The condition is written in square brackets. In case of modeling mutually exclusive message conditional path letters are prepended.

Messages to Class Objects



UML Communication vs. UML Sequence Diagrams



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Strengths and Weaknesses Interaction Diagrams

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Туре	Strengths	Weaknesses
Sequence Diagram	 ✓ clearly shows sequence or time ordering of messages ✓ large set of detailed notation options 	 forced to extend to the right when adding new objects; consumes horizontal space
CommunicationDiagram	✓ space economical - flexibility to add new objects in two dimensions	 more difficult to see sequence of messages fewer notational options

Strengths and Weaknesses Interaction Diagrams

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	Туре	Strengths	Weaknesses	
		✓ clearly shows sequence or time	 forced to extend to the right when 	
	UML tools often emphasize sequence diagrams, because of their greater notational power.			
Co	ommunication Diagram	✓ space economical - flexibility to add new objects in two dimensions	sequence of messages – fewer notational options	

Summary



TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT DARMSTADT The goal of this lecture is to enable you to systematically carry out small(er) software projects that produce quality software.

- Modeling the dynamic behavior is often more rewarding than modeling the static structure w.r.t. understanding a domain
- Modeling the dynamic behavior is often particularly useful if the control-flow is more involved; but only draw the part that is relevant to understand the problem at hand
- The UML is often used informally this is OK if everyone interprets the diagrams in the same way

The goal of this lecture is to enable you to systematically carry out small(er) commercial or open-source projects.

